



## Geography Progression of Knowledge

Year Group	Place Knowledge	Comparison	Human and Physical Geography
<b>Little Apples</b>	<p><b>WORLD</b> My home is a familiar place to me.</p> <p><b>LOCATION</b> I live in a home, on a street. <b>POSITION</b> Positional language includes up, down, next, to, forward, backwards.</p> <p><b>MAPS</b> A map is a picture or drawing of an area of land or sea which maybe familiar to them.</p>	<p>To know that familiar places might be similar, different and may change.</p>	<p><b>CLIMATE &amp; WEATHER</b> There are four seasons in the UK: spring, summer, autumn and winter. In autumn leaves fall from the trees. In winter it's colder. In summer it's warmer and flowers may grow in spring. Types of weather include sun, rain, wind and snow.</p> <p><b>ENVIRONMENT</b> Know that they can care and show concern for the environment.</p> <p><b>PHYSICAL</b> Know and recognise the features of Speen Village.</p> <p><b>HUMAN</b> Houses and buildings are built by people using different materials</p>
<b>Reception</b>	<p><b>WORLD</b> My home and surrounding area is a familiar place to me.</p> <p><b>LOCATION</b> Where I live might look similar or different to where others live.</p> <p><b>POSITION</b></p>	<p>Know the similarities and differences in relation to places and that environments might vary from one another.</p>	<p><b>CLIMATE &amp; WEATHER</b> There are four seasons in the UK: spring, summer, autumn and winter. Each season has typical weather patterns. Types of weather include sun, rain, wind, snow, fog, hail and sleet.</p> <p><b>ENVIRONMENT</b></p>

	<p>Positional language includes reference to relative position such as behind', 'in front', 'in between' or 'next to'</p> <p><b>MAPS</b> A map is a picture or drawing of an area of land or sea which shows human and physical features.</p> <p><b>UK</b> England is the country I live in.</p>		<p>Know that the environment and living things are influenced by human activity. Environments can vary from one another.</p>
<b>Key Stage 1</b>			
<b>Cycle A</b>	<p><b>World</b> We live on planet Earth this is the world we live in. Within this world we live in a country called England. Within England we live in a village called Speen. Within Buckinghamshire near the town of Princess Risborough.</p> <p>The five oceans are the Arctic Ocean, Atlantic Ocean, Indian Ocean, Pacific Ocean and Southern Ocean. An ocean is a large sea.</p> <p><b>LOCATION</b> The UK is in Europe and India is in Asia.</p> <p><b>POSITION</b> Positional language includes behind, next to and in front of. Directional language includes left, right, straight ahead and turn.</p> <p><b>MAPS</b></p>	<p>Places can be compared by size, amenities, transport, location, weather and climate. Compare and contrast Speen with an area of India.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● The capital city of India is New Delhi.</li> <li>● India is in the continent of Asia.</li> <li>● The major river in India is the Ganges.</li> <li>● India is the seventh largest country in the world.</li> </ul> <p>Understand the reasons for the differences including climate and position on the globe.</p>	<p><b>CLIMATE &amp; WEATHER</b> There are four seasons in the UK: spring, summer, autumn and winter. Each season has typical weather patterns. Types of weather include sun, rain, wind, snow, fog, hail and sleet. In the United Kingdom, the length of the day varies depending on the season. In winter, the days are shorter. In summer, the days are longer. Symbols are used to show different types of weather</p> <p><b>ENVIRONMENT</b> Litter and pollution have a harmful effect on the areas where we live, work and play. Physical features are naturally created features of the Earth. Many parts of India do not have safe drinking water due to pollution.</p> <p><b>HUMAN</b> Human features include factories, farms, houses, offices, ports, harbours and shops.</p>

	<p>A map is a picture or drawing of an area of land or sea that can show human and physical features. A key is used to show features on a map. A map has symbols to show where things are located.</p> <p><b>UK</b></p> <p>The UK stands for United Kingdom. This is made up of England, Northern Ireland Scotland and Wales.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• London is the capital city of England. The longest river in England is the Thames.</li> <li>• Belfast is the capital city of Northern Ireland. The longest river in Northern Ireland is the Lagon.</li> <li>• Edinburgh is the capital city of Scotland. The longest river in Scotland is the Water of Leith.</li> <li>• Cardiff is the capital city of Wales. The longest river in Wales is the Severn.</li> </ul> <p>In the United Kingdom no one lives more than 130Km from the sea.</p>		<p><b>PHYSICAL</b></p> <p>Coasts have many different features, such as caves, cliffs, mudflats and beaches.</p>
<p><b>Cycle B</b></p>	<p><b>WORLD</b></p> <p>A continent is a large area of land. The world's seven continents are Africa, Antarctica, Asia, Australia, Europe, North America and South America. We live in the United Kingdom which is in Europe.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A non-European country is a country outside the continent of Europe. For example, the USA, Australia, Iceland and Egypt are non-European countries. European countries include the United Kingdom, Germany, France and Spain.</li> </ul>	<p><b>CLIMATE &amp; WEATHER</b></p> <p>The closer to the equator the warmer the climate. The further north or south the colder the climate. Monitor daily weather patterns in Speen and spot basic trends Identify the season and name some</p>

	<p>There are five oceans on our planet called the Arctic, Atlantic, Indian, Pacific and Southern Oceans. Seas include the Black, Red and Caspian Seas. The United Kingdom is an island surrounded by the Atlantic Ocean, English Channel, Irish Sea and North Sea.</p> <p><b>LOCATION</b> The equator is an imaginary line that divides the world into the Northern and Southern Hemispheres.</p> <p>The North Pole is the most northern point on Earth. The South Pole is the most southern point on Earth.</p> <p><b>POSITION</b> The four cardinal points on a compass are north, south, east and west. A route is a set of directions that can be used to get from one place to another.</p> <p><b>MAPS</b> A map is a picture or drawing of an area of land or sea that can show human and physical features. Maps use symbols and a key. A key is the information needed to read a map and a symbol is a picture or icon used to show a geographical feature.</p> <p><b>UK</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The characteristics of countries include their size, landscape, capital</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be able to name a similarity and a difference between Spain and its locality and that of an area of Antarctica.</li> </ul>	<p>characteristics of that season e.g. cold, warm, plants start to grow, snow, frost. Identify on a globe the hot and cold area of the Earth and use geographical vocabulary to identify them e.g. equator, north and south poles.</p> <p><b>ENVIRONMENT</b> The local environment can be improved by picking up litter, planting flowers and improving amenities. Ocean pollution is an issue that affects many plants and animals. The Earth has five climate zones: desert, equatorial, polar, temperate and tropical.</p> <p><b>PHYSICAL</b> A physical feature is one that forms naturally and can change over time due to weather and other forces.</p> <p><b>HUMAN</b> Human features are manmade and include castles, towers, schools, hospitals, bridges, shops, tunnels, monuments, airports and roads. Landmarks and monuments are features of a landscape, city or town that are easily seen and recognised from a distance. Windmills are manmade features that are a useful source of sustainable energy.</p>
--	--	---	---

	city, language, currency and key landmarks. England is the biggest country in the United Kingdom.		
--	---	--	--